

# OUTBOARD ENGINE CHECKLIST

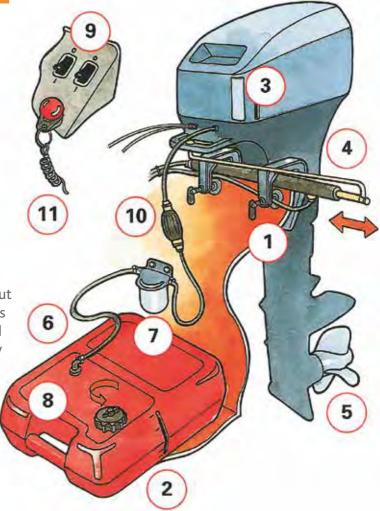
## **Pre-start checks**

- 1. Clamps or bolts
- 2. Fuel
- **3.** Oil
- 4. Controls
- 5. Propeller
- **6**. Fuel line
- **7.** Fuel filter
- 8. Tank vent
- 9. Battery switch
- 10. Primer bulb
- 11. Kill cord

NEVER run a water-cooled outboard motor out of the water unless you have arranged some other supply of cooling water

# After starting

- 1. Cooling water\*
- 2. Warm up





## **Pre-start checks**

## 1. Clamps or bolts

Make sure the engine is securely clamped or bolted to the boat.

#### 2. Fuel

Make sure your fuel is fresh and uncontaminated, and that you have enough for your intended trip, plus a generous reserve. Do not overfill.

#### 3. Oil

Some two-stroke outboards need oil mixed with their fuel. Make sure you use a marine two-stroke oil (labelled TCW3) and that you mix it in the right ratio.

Other two-strokes have a separate oil reservoir. They also require a proper marine two-stroke oil.

Four-stroke outboards have an internal sump like a car engine. Check the level with the dip stick, and top up if necessary with engine oil (not two-stroke oil).

## 4. Controls

Turn the steering wheel from lock to lock and the throttle/gear control from ahead to astern to make sure that the controls operate correctly.

## 5. Propeller

Make sure the propeller and drive leg are free of debris such as rope, weed, fishing line, plastic bags.

#### 6. Fuel line

Connect the fuel line to the tank and to the engine. Make sure it is in good condition and free of kinks.

### 7. Fuel filter

If it is fitted with a water separator/filter, inspect the filter bowl for dirt or water and drain it off if necessary.

**8.** On small engines with **integral tanks**, make sure the fuel tap is open.

### 9. Tank vent

Open the tank vent.

## 10. Battery switch

If your engine is connected to the boat's electrical system, make sure all the necessary switches and circuit breakers are switched on.

**10.** If it is fitted with a **primer bulb**, squeeze the bulb until it is firm.

## 11. Kill cord

If your engine has a kill cord, connect it to the kill switch and clip the other end to your leg or lifejacket. Test it to see that it works.

# After starting

- Immediately check that there is a good flow of water from the cooling water\* tell-tale. If not, check that the tell-tale hole isn't clogged.
- Allow the engine to warm up so that it will tick over smoothly before setting off.
- Many smaller outboards are not cooled by circulating water, but by air, so this point does not apply to them.

